

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
OF THE
CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS

FOR
FISCAL YEAR ENDED
SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Mayor
Kathy Hall-Carter

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**CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015**

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS

City Council

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Kathy Hall-Carter	Mayor
David Petty	Mayor Pro-Tem
Doug Simmerman	Alderman
Robert Hines	Alderman
Cody Talley	Alderman
Jackie Holley	Alderman

FINANCIAL SECTION

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Texas Society of CPAs

November 30, 2015

Independent Auditor's Report

Mayor and City Council
City of Cumby
Cumby, Texas

Members of the City Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cumby, Texas ("City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cumby, Texas, as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the TMRS Funding Progress and Contributions and the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios 5 – 14 and pages 49 - 50 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Cumby, Texas' basic financial statements. The introductory section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2015, on our consideration of the City of Cumby, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Respectfully Submitted,

CONWAY COMPANY CPAs, P.C.

Conway Company CPAs, P.C.

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CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

As management of the City of Cumby ("City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the City's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflow of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflow of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$1,727,837 (net position). Of this amount \$1,489,600, or, 86.2% is net investment in capital assets. Net position restricted for specific purposes is \$194,654, or, 11.3%. The remaining amount of \$43,583, or, 2.5%, (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased by \$32,199, excluding prior period adjustments. This increase is due to an increase in the governmental revenues.
- As of the close of the fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$203,344, an increase of \$56,307 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 28% of this total amount, or \$56,530, is available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$56,530, or 7.2%, of total general fund expenditures. The increase in fund balance for the General Fund in the amount of \$56,307, is due to an increase in revenues.
- The City's total long-term debt decreased by (\$54,840), or (7%), during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

**CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)
SEPTEMBER 30, 2015**

Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (pages 17 - 19) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the City's financial status.

The next statements (pages 20 - 27) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the City's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are two parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; and 2) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes** on pages 28 - 46. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **required supplemental information** is provided to show details about the City's pension plan on pages 49 - 50.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the City's financial status as a whole.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in these statements for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). Both the statement of net position and the statement of activities are prepared utilizing the accrual basis of accounting as opposed to the modified accrual basis used in prior reporting methods.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the City's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property and sales taxes finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the City charges customers to provide. These include the utility services offered by the City.

The government-wide financial statements are on pages 17 - 19 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the City's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like all other governmental entities in Texas, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the City's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

**CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)
SEPTEMBER 30, 2015**

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the City's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the City, the management of the City, and the decisions of the council about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the City to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the City complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the City succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison schedule is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The schedule shows four columns: 1) the original budget; 2) the final budget as amended by the council; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds – The City has one type of proprietary fund which is the Water and Sewer Fund. The City charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units within the City. These services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary Funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities.

Proprietary Funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 25 - 27 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are on pages 28 – 46 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

**CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)
SEPTEMBER 30, 2015**

New Pronouncements – The following statements for GASB were effective for the City in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2015:

GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27", establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting, but not funding or budgetary standards, for the City's defined benefit pension plan. This Statement replaces the requirements of prior GASB statements impacting accounting and disclosure of pension. The significant impact of the City implementing this Statement is the reporting of the City's unfunded pension liability on the City's full accrual basis of accounting government-wide financial statements. There are also new note disclosure requirements and supplementary schedules required. The measurement date for the pension liabilities is as of September 30, 2015. This date reflects a one-year lag and was used so that these financial statements could be issued in an expedient manner. Activity (i.e., contributions made by the City) occurring during fiscal year 2014-15 are reported as deferred outflows of resources in accordance with Statement No. 71.

In order to implement the Statement No. 68, a prior period adjustment was made to adjust unrestricted net position by \$10,369. See Note I for more information regarding the City's pension plan.

GASB Statement No. 69, "Governmental Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations", will be implemented as required by GASB during the fiscal year September 30, 2015. This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations. The implementation of this Statement does not result in any changes to the City's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 70, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees", will be implemented as required by GASB during the fiscal year September 30, 2015. This statement requires a government that extends nonexchange financial guarantee to recognize a liability when qualitative factors and historical data, if any, indicate that it is more likely than not that the government will be required to make a payment on the guarantee. The implementation of this Statement does not result in any changes to the City's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date", will be implemented as required by GASB during the fiscal year September 30, 2015. This statement addresses an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of GASB Statement No. 68. The issue relates to amounts associated with contributions, if any, made by a state or local government employer or nonemployer contributing entity to a defined benefit pension plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability. See Note I for more information regarding the City's pension plan.

The GASB has issued the following statements which will be effective in future years as described below:

GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application" addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes and, also, provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosure related to all fair value measurements. The City is evaluating the potential changes to the financial statements as a result of the implementation of this statement.

CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)
SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Current and other assets	\$ 286,508	\$ 213,498	\$ 102,829	\$ 161,548	\$ 389,337	\$ 375,046
Capital assets	257,561	254,700	1,935,396	1,957,516	2,192,957	2,212,216
Total assets	544,069	468,198	2,038,225	2,119,064	2,582,294	2,587,262
Deferred outflows-pension	30,442	-	17,139	-	47,581	-
Long-term liabilities	73,149	56,283	688,591	708,243	761,740	764,526
Current liabilities	72,815	56,111	62,949	60,618	135,764	116,729
Total liabilities	145,964	112,394	751,540	768,861	897,504	881,255
Deferred inflows-pension	2,902	-	1,632	-	4,534	-
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	222,238	202,929	1,267,362	1,296,301	1,489,600	1,499,230
Restricted	146,814	39,996	47,840	47,632	194,654	87,628
Unrestricted	56,593	112,879	(13,010)	6,270	43,583	119,149
Total net position	\$ 425,645	\$ 355,804	\$ 1,302,192	\$ 1,350,203	\$ 1,727,837	\$ 1,706,007

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a City's financial condition. The net position of the City exceeded liabilities by \$1,727,837 as of September 30, 2015. The City's net position increased by \$32,199, excluding prior period adjustments, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015.

Net investment in capital assets:

The largest portion of the City's net position, \$1,489,600 or, 86.2%, reflects the investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted net position:

The restricted net position of \$194,654, or 11%, of total net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on their use, or by enabling legislation. Restricted net position is comprised of state and contractually imposed restrictions which are \$22,317, or 11%, for court fees, debt requirements of \$47,840, or 25%, and \$124,497, or 64%, is for unspent federal seizure funds.

Unrestricted net position:

Unrestricted net position of \$43,583 is available to fund City programs to citizens and debt obligations to creditors. The majority of unrestricted net position resides in the governmental activities.

CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)
SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Changes in Net Position					
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Totals	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
REVENUE:						
Program Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$ 515,212	\$ 505,543	\$ 365,726	\$ 351,847	\$ 880,938	\$ 857,390
Operating Grants and Contributions	210,153	33,150	-	-	210,153	33,150
Capital Grants and Contributions	-	6,500	-	-	-	6,500
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes	92,911	81,925	-	-	92,911	81,925
Sales Taxes	91,103	88,600	-	-	91,103	88,600
Franchise Taxes	30,571	36,192	-	-	30,571	36,192
Investment Income	185	287	-	-	185	287
Miscellaneous	149	3,359	943	3,868	1,092	7,227
Total Revenues	940,284	755,556	366,669	355,715	1,306,953	1,111,271
EXPENSES:						
Program Expenses:						
General Government	115,556	116,981	-	-	115,556	116,981
Public Safety	330,178	310,768	-	-	330,178	310,768
Public Services and operations	256,137	242,471	-	-	256,137	242,471
Public Works	47,529	62,086	-	-	47,529	62,086
Parks and Recreation	16,442	10,818	-	-	16,442	10,818.00
Interest on Long-Term Debt	2,506	1,829.00	-	-	2,506	1,829.00
Water and Sewer	-	-	506,406	482,585	506,406	482,585
Total Expenses	768,348	744,953	506,406	482,585	1,274,754	1,227,538
Increase in Net Position before Transfers	171,936	10,603	(139,737)	(126,870)	32,199	(116,267)
Other Revenues and Financing Sources (uses)						
Transfers	(95,459)	(174,483)	95,459	174,483	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (uses)	(95,459)	(174,483)	95,459	174,483	-	-
Increase in Net Position	76,477	(163,880)	(44,278)	47,613	32,199	(116,267)
Net Position, October 1	355,804	783,777	1,350,203	1,444,313	1,706,007	2,228,090
Prior Period Adjustments	(6,636)	(264,093)	(3,733)	(141,723)	(10,369)	(405,816)
Net Position, September 30	\$ 425,645	\$ 355,804	\$ 1,302,192	\$ 1,350,203	\$ 1,727,837	\$ 1,706,007

Governmental activities increased net position, excluding prior period adjustments, by \$76,477. This is due to a significant increase in total revenues.

Business-type activities decreased net position, excluding prior period adjustments, by (\$44,278). This is due to the overall increase in total expenses.

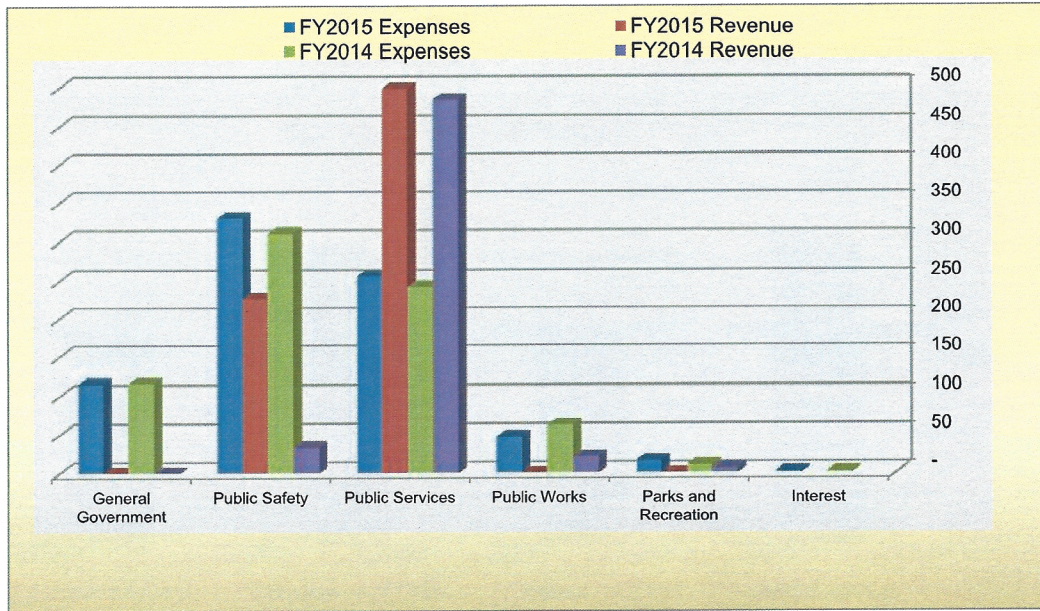
CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)
SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Governmental-type activities - Governmental-type activities increased the City's net position by \$76,477, excluding prior period adjustments. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

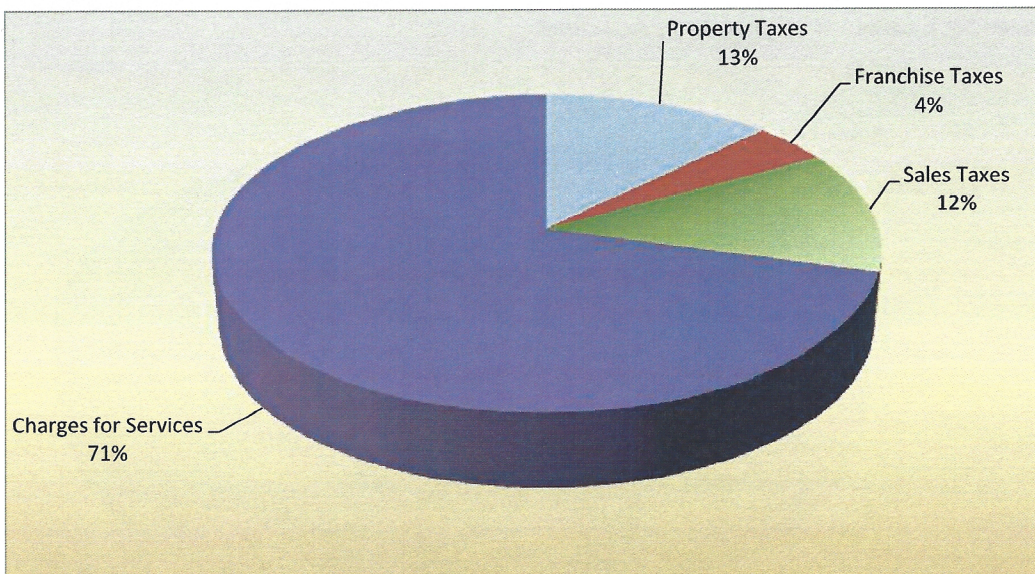
Monies received for operating contributions increased by \$177,003, or 534%. This is due to the increase of seizure funds received by the Police Department.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities

(amounts expressed in thousands)



Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities

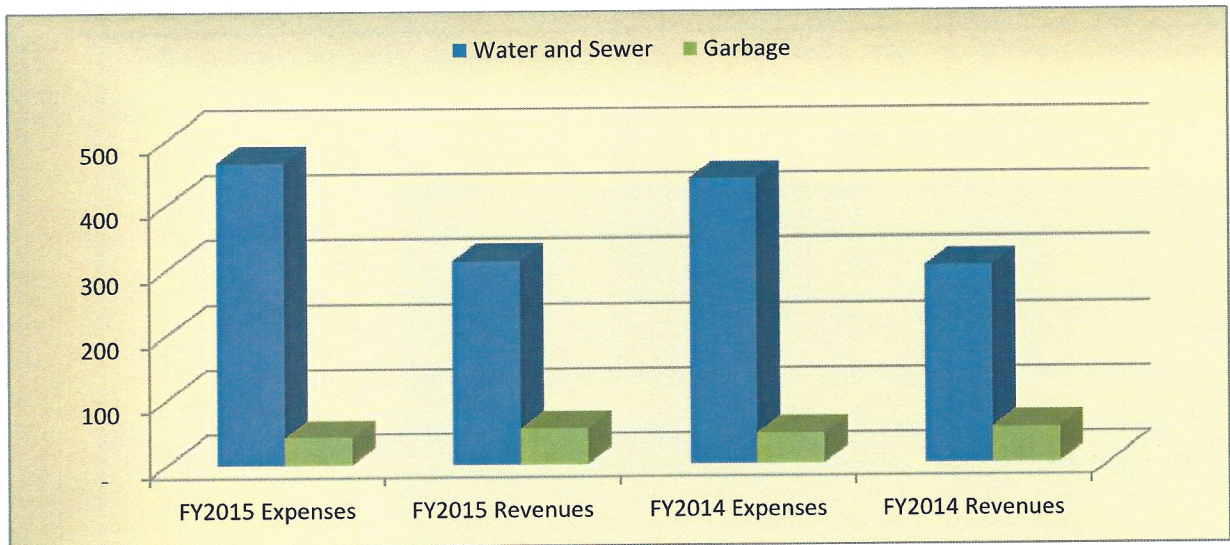


CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)
SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

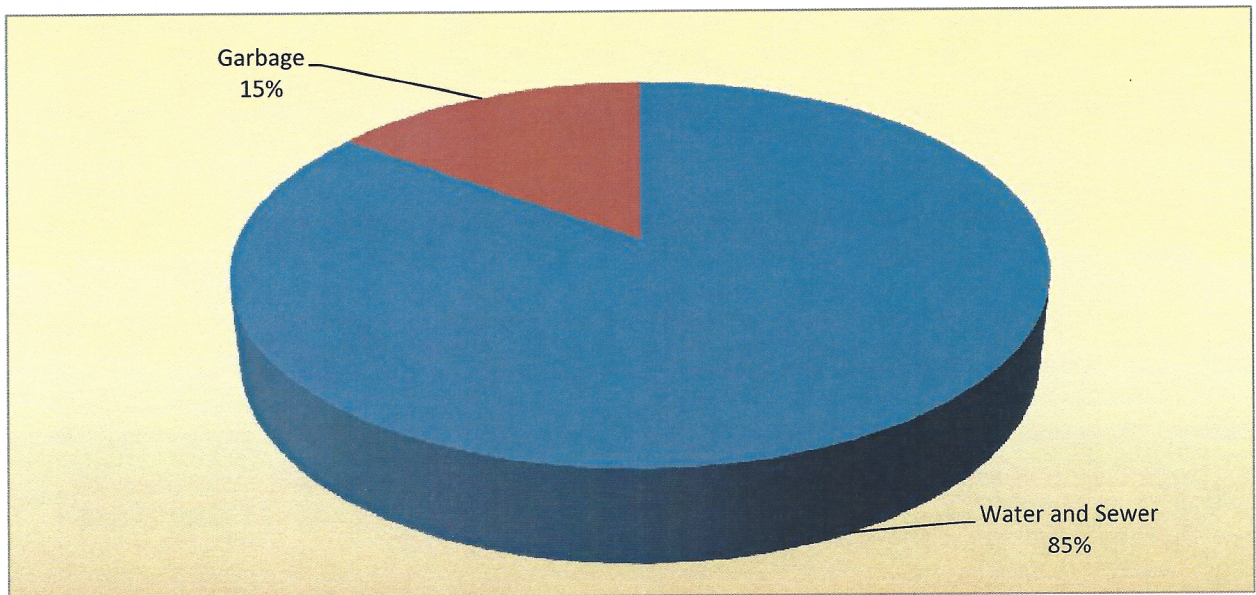
Business-type Activities - Business-type activities decreased the City's net position by (\$44,278), excluding prior period adjustments. A key element of this decrease is as follows:

Overall expenses increased \$23,821, or 5%.

Expenditures and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities
(amounts expressed in thousands)



Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



**CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
MANAGEMENT AND DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)
SEPTEMBER 30, 2015**

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the City itself, or a group or individual that has been granted authority to assign resources for a particular purpose for the City.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$56,530, a decrease of (47%) in comparison with the prior year.

The restricted fund balances of \$146,814, consist of amounts with constraints put on their use by externally imposed creditors, grantors, contributions, laws, regulations or enabling legislation. Restricted fund balance of \$22,317, or 15.2%, is for court use. Seized funds not spent at the end of the fiscal year in the amount of \$124,497, or 84.8%, is restricted by federal law.

Unassigned fund balance of \$56,530 represents the residual classification for the City's General Fund.

It is the City's goal to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the General Fund equal to 16.67% of expenditures. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is short of this goal by (9.5%).

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the City revised the budget. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: (1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and (3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Revenues were less than the budgeted amounts in most classifications. Expenditures were less than budgeted amounts at the fund level.

Proprietary Funds - The City of Cumby's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the proprietary funds at the end of the fiscal year amounted to (\$13,010).

CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)
SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Capital assets - The City of Cumby's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2015, totals \$2,192,957 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes buildings, roads and bridges, land, machinery and equipment. The total decrease in the City of Cumby's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was .87%.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Purchase of vehicles and equipment

Capital Assets
As of September 30, 2015
(net of accumulated depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Land & Improvements	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,370	\$ 11,370	\$ 11,370	\$ 11,370
Machinery & Equipment	150,030	130,207	111,576	40,128	261,606	170,335
Buildings	56,400	59,136	122,500	127,443	178,900	186,579
Infrastructure	51,131	65,357	1,689,950	1,778,575	1,741,081	1,843,932
Total	<u>\$ 257,561</u>	<u>\$ 254,700</u>	<u>\$ 1,935,396</u>	<u>\$ 1,957,516</u>	<u>\$ 2,192,957</u>	<u>\$ 2,212,216</u>

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in Note F to the financial statements

Long-term Debt - As of September 30, 2015, the City had long-term debt outstanding of \$703,357. This debt is secured by property taxes and/or revenues. The debt decreased by (\$54,840), or (7%).

Outstanding Debt
As of September 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Certificates of Obligation	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 635,000	\$ 655,000	\$ 635,000	\$ 655,000
Notes Payable	-	-	33,034	51,426	33,034	51,426
Capital Lease Payable	35,323	51,771	-	-	35,323	51,771
Total	<u>\$ 35,323</u>	<u>\$ 51,771</u>	<u>\$ 668,034</u>	<u>\$ 706,426</u>	<u>\$ 703,357</u>	<u>\$ 758,197</u>

More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in Note G to the financial statements.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Primary Government		
	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 96,151	\$ 19,142	\$ 115,293
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible)	26,224	28,546	54,770
Restricted assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	164,133	55,141	219,274
Capital assets, not being depreciated:			
Land & improvements	-	11,370	11,370
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:			
Buildings and improvements	56,400	122,500	178,900
Infrastructure	51,131	1,689,950	1,741,081
Machinery & equipment	150,030	111,576	261,606
Total Assets	544,069	2,038,225	2,582,294
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Deferred pension	30,442	17,139	47,581
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	24,962	18,442	43,404
Customer deposits	-	35,491	35,491
Accrued interest payable	-	5,957	5,957
Accrued expenses	3,090	1,927	5,017
Other liabilities	44,763	1,132	45,895
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Due within one year:			
Capital lease payable	17,244	-	17,244
Notes payable	-	8,820	8,820
Bonds payable	-	25,000	25,000
Due in more than one year:			
Compensated absences	4,512	1,817	6,329
Net pension liability	33,314	18,740	52,054
Capital lease payable	18,079	-	18,079
Notes payable	-	24,214	24,214
Bonds payable	-	610,000	610,000
Total Liabilities	145,964	751,540	897,504
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Deferred pension	2,902	1,632	4,534
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	222,238	1,267,362	1,489,600
Restricted for:			
Debt	-	47,840	47,840
Seizure funds	124,497	-	124,497
Court use	22,317	-	22,317
Unrestricted	56,593	(13,010)	43,583
Total Net Position	\$ 425,645	\$ 1,302,192	\$ 1,727,837

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

**CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015**

Function/Program Activities	Expenses	Program Revenues		
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary Government				
Governmental Activities:				
General Government	\$ 115,556	\$ 166	\$ -	\$ -
Public Safety	330,178	15,626	210,153	-
Public Services and Operations	256,138	499,420	-	-
Public Works	47,530	-	-	-
Parks and Recreation	16,442	-	-	-
Interest on Long-Term Debt	2,506	-	-	-
Total governmental activities	<u>768,350</u>	<u>515,212</u>	<u>210,153</u>	<u>-</u>
Business-type Activities:				
Water and Sewer	506,406	365,726	-	-
Total business-type activities	<u>506,406</u>	<u>365,726</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total primary government	<u>\$ 1,274,756</u>	<u>\$ 880,938</u>	<u>\$ 210,153</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

General revenues:
Property taxes
Sales taxes
Franchise taxes
Investment income
Miscellaneous
Transfers
Total general revenues & transfers
Change in net position
Net position - beginning
Prior Period Adjustment
Net position - ending

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
Primary Government		
Governmental Activities	Business Activities	Total
\$ (115,390)	\$ -	\$ (115,390)
(104,399)	-	(104,399)
243,282	-	243,282
(47,530)	-	(47,530)
(16,442)	-	(16,442)
(2,506)	-	(2,506)
<u>(42,985)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(42,985)</u>
-	(140,680)	(140,680)
-	(140,680)	(140,680)
<u>\$ (42,985)</u>	<u>\$ (140,680)</u>	<u>\$ (183,665)</u>
\$ 92,911	\$ -	\$ 92,911
91,103	-	91,103
30,571	-	30,571
185	-	185
151	943	1,094
(95,459)	95,459	-
<u>119,462</u>	<u>96,402</u>	<u>215,864</u>
76,477	(44,278)	32,199
355,804	1,350,203	1,706,007
(6,636)	(3,733)	(10,369)
<u>\$ 425,645</u>	<u>\$ 1,302,192</u>	<u>\$ 1,727,837</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

**CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND
SEPTEMBER 30, 2015**

	General Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 96,151
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectible)	26,224
Cash - Restricted	164,133
Total Assets	<u>286,508</u>
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	24,962
Accrued expenses	3,090
Other liabilities	44,763
Total Liabilities	<u>72,815</u>
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	10,349
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	<u>10,349</u>
FUND BALANCES	
Restricted for:	
Seized Funds	124,497
Court Use	22,317
Unassigned:	56,530
Total Fund Balances	<u>203,344</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources, and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 286,508</u>

CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$ 203,344
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	982,923
Accumulated depreciation has not been included in the governmental fund financial statements.	(725,362)
Revenues reported as unearned revenue in the governmental fund financial statements was recorded as revenue in the government-wide financial statements.	10,349
Deferred inflow/outflow of resources for pension are not reported in the fund financial statements.	27,540
Accrued liabilities for compensated absences have not been reflected in the fund financial statements.	(4,512)
Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the fund financial statements.	(33,314)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statements.	(35,323)
Net position of governmental activities - statement of net position	<u>\$ 425,645</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	General Fund
REVENUE	
Property taxes	\$ 92,911
Sales tax	91,103
Franchise tax	30,571
Licenses and permits	1,075
Fines and forfeitures	498,345
Charge for services	208
Seizures	210,152
Investment income	185
Miscellaneous	151
Total Revenues	<u>924,701</u>
EXPENDITURES	
Current:	
General Government	94,328
Public Safety	303,869
Public Services and Operations	257,105
Public Works	26,701
Parks and Recreation	9,622
Debt Service:	
Principal retirement	16,448
Interest expense	2,506
Capital outlay:	
Public Safety	77,940
Total Expenditures	<u>788,519</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	136,182
Other Revenues and Financing Sources (uses)	
Insurance reimbursements	15,584
Transfers	(95,459)
Total Other Financing Sources (uses)	<u>(79,875)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	56,307
Fund Balances, October 1	147,037
Fund Balances, September 30	<u><u>\$ 203,344</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

**CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015**

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 56,307
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	77,940
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(75,078)
Current year long-term debt principal payments on contractual obligations, and bonds payable are expenditures in the fund financial statements but are shown as reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	16,448
Current year changes in pension expense do not require the use of current resources; therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	860
Change in net position of governmental activities - statement of activities	<u>\$ 76,477</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUE				
Property taxes	\$ 93,000	\$ 93,000	\$ 92,911	\$ (89)
Fines and forfeitures	520,000	520,000	498,346	(21,654)
Licenses and permits	1,000	1,000	1,075	75
Sales taxes collected	91,000	91,000	91,103	103
Franchise tax	190,000	190,000	30,571	(159,429)
Charge for services	300	300	208	(92)
Intergovernmental revenues-state and local	14,485	221,660	210,152	(11,508)
Donations	6,000	6,000	-	(6,000)
Investment income	100	100	185	85
Miscellaneous	28,620	28,620	150	(28,470)
Total Revenues	<u>944,505</u>	<u>1,151,680</u>	<u>924,701</u>	<u>(226,979)</u>
EXPENDITURES				
General government	113,816	113,816	94,328	19,488
Public safety	293,770	281,770	303,869	(22,099)
Public services and operations	270,527	258,527	257,105	1,422
Public works	48,250	48,250	26,701	21,549
Parks and recreation	21,019	21,019	9,622	11,397
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	55,000	79,000	16,448	62,552
Interest Expense	7,000	7,000	2,506	4,494
Capital outlay:				
Public safety	200,000	188,000	77,940	110,060
Total Expenditures	<u>1,009,382</u>	<u>997,382</u>	<u>788,519</u>	<u>208,863</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(64,877)	154,298	136,182	(18,116)
Other Revenues and Financing Sources (uses)				
Transfers	-	-	(95,459)	(95,459)
Insurance reimbursements	20,000	20,000	15,584	(4,416)
Total Other Financing Sources (uses)	<u>20,000</u>	<u>20,000</u>	<u>(79,875)</u>	<u>(99,875)</u>
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	(44,877)	174,298	56,307	(117,991)
Fund Balances/Equity, October 1	\$ 147,037	\$ 147,037	\$ 147,037	
Fund Balances/Equity, September 30	<u>\$ 102,160</u>	<u>\$ 321,335</u>	<u>\$ 203,344</u>	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

**CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF FUNDS NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2015**

	<u>Water/Sewer Fund</u>
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,142
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	55,141
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectible)	28,546
Total Current Assets	<u>102,829</u>
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital Assets:	
Land	11,370
Building & improvements	164,820
Machinery & equipment	190,081
Infrastructure	2,704,118
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>(1,134,993)</u>
Total Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	<u>1,935,396</u>
Total Noncurrent Assets	<u>1,935,396</u>
Total Assets	<u><u>2,038,225</u></u>
 DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF REOURCES	
Deferred pension	<u>17,139</u>
 LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	18,442
Accrued expenses payable	1,927
Other liabilities	1,132
Payables from restricted funds:	
Customer deposits	35,491
Accrued interest payable	5,957
Notes Payable - current	8,820
Bonds payable - current	25,000
Total Current Liabilities	<u>96,769</u>
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Compensated absences	1,817
Net pension liability	18,740
Notes Payable	24,214
Bonds payable	610,000
Total Non-Current Liabilities	<u>654,771</u>
Total Liabilities	<u><u>751,540</u></u>
 DEFERRED INFLOW OF REOURCES	
Deferred pension	<u>1,632</u>
 NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	1,267,362
Restricted for:	
Debt	47,840
Unrestricted	<u>(13,010)</u>
Total Net Position	<u><u>\$ 1,302,192</u></u>

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES
IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	<u>Water/Sewer Fund</u>
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services	\$ 365,726
Miscellaneous income	943
Total Operating Revenues	<u>366,669</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Personnel costs	146,035
Supplies and materials	29,580
Maintenance and repair	89,213
Contractual services	56,812
Utilities	35,931
Depreciation	109,880
Total Operating Expenses	<u>467,451</u>
Operating Income (Loss)	<u>(100,782)</u>
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest expense	(38,955)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	<u>(38,955)</u>
Income before capital contributions and transfers	<u>(139,737)</u>
Transfers	<u>95,459</u>
Change in Net Position	(44,278)
Net position - Beginning, October 1	1,350,203
Prior Period Adjustments	(3,733)
Net Position - Ending, September 30	<u>\$ 1,302,192</u>

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

**CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015**

	Water/Sewer Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Cash received from customers	\$ 359,971
Cash received from other sources	943
Cash paid to employees	(146,035)
Cash paid to suppliers	(209,705)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	<u>5,174</u>
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	
Transfers to/from other funds	95,459
Net Cash Provided by Non-capital Financing Activities	<u>95,459</u>
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(87,760)
Principal payments on debt obligations	(38,392)
Interest and fiscal charges on debt	(38,955)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	<u>(165,107)</u>
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(64,474)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	138,757
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	<u><u>\$ 74,283</u></u>
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by (used for) operation activities	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (100,782)
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to net provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	109,880
Change in Assets and Liabilities	
Decrease (increase) in receivables	(5,755)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	2,331
Increase (decrease) in pension liability	(500)
Total Adjustments	105,956
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	<u><u>\$ 5,174</u></u>

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

**CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015**

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Cumby ("City") was incorporated May 13, 1911 and operates under a Mayor-Council form of government and provides police protection, water and sewer services, and general administration.

The accounting and reporting policies of the City relating to the funds included in the accompanying basic financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to state and local governments. Generally accepted accounting principles for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled *State and Local Governments-Audit and Accounting Guide* and by the Financial Accounting Standards Board when applicable. The more significant accounting policies of the City are described below:

1. Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and five-member council and has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the City is a financial reporting entity as defined by GASB in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity", as amended by GASB Statement No. 39 "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units".

Under GASB Statement No. 14, component units are organizations for which the City is financially accountable and all other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Financial accountability exists if the City appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing board and is either able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the City. The City may be financially accountable for governmental organizations with a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by another government, or a jointly appointed board that is fiscally dependent on the City. The financial statements of the component unit may be discretely presented in a separate column from the primary government or blended with the financial statements of the primary government. GASB Statement No. 39 added clarification to GASB Statement No. 14 by including entities which meet all three of the following requirements:

1. The economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents.
2. The primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization.
3. The economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the specific primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to the primary government.

Based upon the application of these tests, the City does not have any component units.

In addition, GASB Statement No. 61 considers an organization that does not meet the financial accountability criteria may be included as a component unit if management's professional judgment determines it to be necessary and misleading if omitted. This evaluation includes consideration of whether a financial benefit or burden exists in the relationship between the entities. Management has not identified any additional organizations that fit this criteria.

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements are prepared in conformity with GAAP which requires the government-wide financial statements to be prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. Government-wide financial statements do not provide information by fund, but distinguish between the City's governmental activities and business-type activities on the statement of net position and statement of activities. Significantly, the City's statement of net position include both noncurrent assets and noncurrent liabilities. In addition, the government-wide statement of activities reflects depreciation expenses on the City's capital assets, including infrastructure.

**CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015**

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting (continued)

In addition to the government-wide financial statements, the City has prepared fund financial statements, which use the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resource measurement focus for the governmental funds. The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by proprietary funds. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

Management's Discussion and Analysis provides an analytical overview of the City's financial activities. In addition, a budgetary comparison schedule is presented that compares the original adopted budget and final amended General Fund budget with actual results.

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the City as a whole) and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely on fees and charges for support.

The government-wide statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a functional category (Public Safety, Public Works, Parks, etc.) or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or program. Program revenues include: a) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or program, b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function or program, or c) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the capital requirements of a particular function or program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are also reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

The net cost (by function) is normally covered by general revenue (property and sales taxes, franchise taxes, and interest income).

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the funds financial statements. The major governmental fund is the general fund. The major proprietary fund is the water and sewer fund. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category for the governmental and proprietary combined) for the determination of major funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to the general rule are franchise fees and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer business-type fund are the charges to customers for sales and services. The water and sewer fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for business-type funds include the cost of sales and service, administrative expenses, and depreciation on assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting the definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. The focus of the fund financial statements is on major individual funds of the governmental and proprietary categories. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared to enhance the usefulness of the information.

CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund statements. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the statement of net position and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned, including unbilled water and sewer services which are accrued. Expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Governmental fund level financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available when they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due and payable shortly after year end as required by GASB Interpretation No. 6.

Ad valorem, franchise and sales tax revenues recorded in the General Fund are recognized under the susceptible to accrual concept. Licenses and permits, charges for services, fines and forfeitures, contributions, and miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenues when received in cash, as the resulting receivable is not measurable. Investment earnings are recorded as earned since they are measurable and available. In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. Intergovernmental grant revenues are recognized when all eligibility requirements have been met.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of changes in financial position, rather than upon net income determination. The following is a description of the major governmental funds of the City:

The **General Fund** is the operating fund of the City. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund.

Proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives are a determination of net income, financial position, and changes in cash flows. All assets and liabilities associated with a proprietary fund's activities are included on its statement of net position.

Proprietary funds are financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. The costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges. Periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. The following is a description of the proprietary funds of the City:

**CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015**

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting (continued)

The **Water and Sewer Fund** accounts for the operations of the water and sanitary sewer utilities and garbage which are self-supporting activities rendering services on a user-charge basis.

4. Financial Statement Amounts

a. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The City may invest in certificates of deposits, authorized investment pools and funds, U.S. Government Securities, commercial paper, and repurchase agreements.

b. Receivable and Payable Balances

The City believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation.

Trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible.

c. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted assets in the governmental funds represent cash and cash equivalents and investments set aside for specific capital additions, and municipal court uses and seizure funds. Restricted assets in the proprietary funds represent cash and cash equivalents and investments set aside for repayment of deposits to utility customers, specific capital, additions, and various bond covenants.

Customer deposits received for the water and sewer service are, by law, to be considered restricted assets. These activities are included in the Water and Sewer Fund.

d. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, and improvements, purchased or acquired, are in the applicable governmental or business-like activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical if historical cost is not available. Contributed assets are recorded at fair market value as of the date donated. Additions, improvements, and capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Net interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-like activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. There was not any interest accrued in the current period.

Management elected not to retroactively report infrastructure assets within the scope of GASB Statement No. 34.

CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4. Financial Statement Amounts (continued)

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Estimated Useful Lives</u>
Infrastructure	15 - 40
Building & Improvements	10 - 40
Machinery and equipment	5 - 20

e. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and overtime not paid (comp time) with a maximum of 160 hours. All vacation and comp time is accrued at the close of the fiscal year in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

f. Pension

In government-wide financial statements, retirement plans (pension) are required to be recognized and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting regardless of the amount recognized as pension expenditures on the governmental fund statements, which use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

In general, the City recognizes a net pension liability, which represents the City's proportionate share of the excess of the total pension liability over the fiduciary net position of the pension reflected in the actuarial report provided by the Texas Municipal Retirement System ("TMRS"). The net pension liability is measured as of December 31, 2014. Changes in the net pension liability are recorded as pension expense or as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources depending on the nature of the change. The changes in net pension liability that are recorded as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources (that arise from changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs and differences between expected or actual experience) will be amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants and are recorded as a component of pension expense beginning with the period in which they are incurred.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources relating to pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's pension plant with TMRS and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Projected earnings on pension investments are recognized as a component of pension expense. Difference between projected and actual investment earnings are reported as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources and will be amortized as a component of pension expense on a closed basis over a five-year period beginning with the period in which the difference occurred. Each subsequent year will incorporate an additional closed five-year period of recognition.

g. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method and netted with the long term obligations in the liabilities. The City has compared this method to the effective interest method and found the difference between the two methods to be immaterial. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs, if any, are expensed during the year they are incurred in accordance with GASB Statement No. 65.

CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4. Financial Statement Amounts
g. Long-term Obligations (continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financial sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

h. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the fund balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditures) until then. The City has one item that is reportable on the government-wide Statement of Net Position: outflows from changes in net pension liability. This outflow of resources is, also, reported in the proprietary fund financial statements.

In addition to liabilities, the fund balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of a net position that applies to that time. The City has only one type of deferred inflow of resources in the governmental fund financial statement. Deferred revenue from property taxes is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. There is one type of deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide Statement of Net Position: inflows of changes in net pension liability. This inflow of resources is, also, reported in the proprietary fund financial statements.

i. Fund Balance Policies

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on how specific amounts can be spent:

- *Nonspendable fund balance* - includes the portion of net resources that cannot be spent because of their form (i.e. inventory, long-term loans, or prepaid) or because they must remain intact such as the principal of an endowment.
- *Restricted fund balance* - includes the portion of net resources on which limitations are imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or by laws or regulations of other governments (i.e. externally imposed limitations). Amounts can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers or as allowed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Examples include grant awards and bond proceeds.
- *Committed fund balance* - includes the portion of net resources for which the City Council has imposed limitations of use. Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a resolution of the City Council. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by a resolution of the City Council. The resolution must be approved before the end of the fiscal year in which the commitment will be reflected on the financial statements.
- *Assigned fund balance* - includes the portion of net resources for which an *intended* use has been established by the City Council or Mayor authorized to do so by the City Council. Assignments of fund balances are much less formal than commitments and do not require formal action for their imposition or removal. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed which indicates that resources are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

**CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015**

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4. Financial Statement Amounts

i. Fund Balance Policies (continued)

- *Unassigned fund balance* - includes the amounts in the general fund in excess of what can properly be classified in one of the other four categories of fund balance. It is the residual classification of the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in other classifications. Unassigned amounts are technically available for any purpose. Negative residual amounts for all other governmental funds are reported in this classification.

The City believes that adequate levels of fund balance are essential in mitigating financial risk that can occur from unforeseen revenue fluctuations, unanticipated expenditures, and similar circumstances. In order to comply with the adopted minimum fund balance policy, the City's general fund balance should be 16.67% of total maintenance and operation expenditures. The City at the end of the current period is at 7.17%. The City considers a balance less than 8.34% to be cause for concern.

j. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

k. Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

l. Comparative Data/Reclassification

Comparative total data for the current year to budget have been presented in the supplementary section of the financial statements in order to provide an understanding of budget to actual. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data may have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

m. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consideration. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges an appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position. The government did not have any Internal Balances at fiscal year end.

n. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4. Financial Statement Amounts (continued)

o. Program Revenues

Certain revenues such as charges for services are included in program revenues.

p. Program Expenditures

Certain indirect costs such as administrative costs are included in the program expenditures reported for individual functional activities.

B. COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations.

<u>Violation</u>	<u>Action Taken</u>
None found	n/a

2. Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Position of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net position at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

<u>Fund Name</u>	<u>Deficit Amount</u>
None found	n/a

3. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City adopts an "appropriated budget" of governmental fund types on the modified accrual basis of accounting by department. The City is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures. The City compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data:

- No later than the first City Council meeting each August, the Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to September 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance. If the Council takes no action on or prior to such day, the budget, as submitted by the Mayor, shall be deemed to have been adopted by the City Council.
- The budget for the General Fund is legally adopted on a modified accrual basis.
- According to the Local Government Code for General Law A cities, total estimated expenditures of the General Fund is to be budgeted.

**CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015**

B. COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

3. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (continued)

- The level of control (the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget) is the fund level. The Mayor is authorized to approve a transfer of budgeted amounts within departments; however, any revisions that alter the total of any fund must be approved by the City Council.

C. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect the City funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository banks dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") Insurance.

Cash Deposits

At September 30, 2015, the carrying amount of the City's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$334,567, and the bank balance was \$343,859. The City's cash deposits at September 30, 2015 and during the year ended September 30, 2015 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance. The amount of deposits covered by FDIC during the year was \$500,000. Cash and cash equivalents as of September 30, 2015 consist of and are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position:

Primary Government	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 115,293
Restricted assets-cash & cash equivalents	219,274
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 334,567</u>
Governmental - Restricted cash	
Municipal Court - technology, building security	\$ 22,317
Street maintenance	17,319
Seizure funds	124,497
Total restricted cash and cash equivalents	<u>164,133</u>
Business-type - Restricted cash	
Customer Deposits	37,244
Debt Service	17,897
Total restricted cash and cash equivalents	<u>55,141</u>
Total Restricted Cash	<u>\$ 219,274</u>

Investments:

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") (Government Code Chapter 2256) requires the City to have an independent auditor perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The City is in compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

Investment Accounting Policy

The City's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are report at value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "non-participating" means that the investment value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Non-negotiable certificates of deposits are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

**CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015**

C. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The Public Funds Act and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provisions for deposits: The Public Funds Investment Act requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state or local governmental units by pledging unit. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least the bank balance less the FDIC insurance at all times.

Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value arising from increasing interest rates, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than one year from the time of purchase.

D. PROPERTY TAXES

Property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and personal property located in the City. Assessed value represents the appraisal value less applicable exemptions authorized by the City Council. The Appraisal Board of Review establishes appraised values at 100% for estimated market value. A tax lien attaches to the property on January 1 of each year to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed for the year on that property, whether or not the taxes are imposed in the year the lien attaches.

Revenues are recognized as the related ad valorem taxes are collected. Additional delinquent property taxes estimated to be collectible within sixty days following the close of the fiscal year have been recognized as revenue at the fund level.

In Texas, county-wide central appraisal districts are required under the Property Tax Code to assess all property within the appraisal district on the basis of 100% of its market value and are prohibited from applying any assessment ratios.

The value of property within the appraisal district must be reviewed every five years; however, the City may, at its own expense, require annual reviews of appraised values. The City may challenge appraised values established by the appraisal district through various appeals, and, if necessary, take legal action. Under this legislation, the City continues to set tax rates on City property. However, if the effective tax rate, including tax rates for bonds and other contractual obligations, adjusted for new improvements, exceeds the rate for the previous year by more than 8%, qualified voters of the City may petition for an election to determine whether to limit the tax rate to no more than 8% above the tax rate of the previous year.

The statutes of the State of Texas do not prescribe a legal debt limit. However, Article XI, Section 5 of the Texas Constitution applicable to cities of more than 5,000 population limits the ad valorem tax rate to \$1.50 per \$100 assessed valuation. The City's 2015 ad valorem tax rate of \$0.42000 is in compliance with the rate limitation.

CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

E. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the City's individual major funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General	Proprietary	Total
Receivables			
Taxes	\$ 27,374	\$ -	\$ 27,374
Warrants	200,556	-	200,556
Fees and Charges	-	31,718	31,718
Gross Receivables	227,930	31,718	259,648
Less: Allowance for Uncollectible	(201,706)	(3,172)	(204,878)
Total Net Receivables	<u>\$ 26,224</u>	<u>\$ 28,546</u>	<u>\$ 54,770</u>

F. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the period ended September 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Additions	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 139,001	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 139,001
Infrastructure	270,536	-	-	270,536
Machinery & equipment	495,446	77,940	-	573,386
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>904,983</u>	<u>77,940</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>982,923</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings & Improvements	(79,885)	(2,716)	-	(82,601)
Infrastructure	(205,140)	(14,265)	-	(219,405)
Machinery & Equipment	(365,259)	(58,097)	-	(423,356)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(650,284)</u>	<u>(75,078)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(725,362)</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u>254,699</u>	<u>2,862</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>257,561</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 254,699</u>	<u>\$ 2,862</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 257,561</u>

CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

F. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

	Beginning Balances	Additions	Decreases	Ending Balances
Business-type Activities:				
Water/Sewer				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 11,370	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,370
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	<u>11,370</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>11,370</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	164,820	-	-	164,820
Infrastructure	2,704,118	-	-	2,704,118
Machinery & equipment	102,321	87,760	-	190,081
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>2,971,259</u>	<u>87,760</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,059,019</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings & Improvements	(37,377)	(4,943)	-	(42,320)
Infrastructure	(925,543)	(88,625)	-	(1,014,168)
Machinery & Equipment	(62,193)	(16,312)	-	(78,505)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(1,025,113)</u>	<u>(109,880)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,134,993)</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u>1,946,146</u>	<u>(22,120)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,924,026</u>
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 1,957,516</u>	<u>\$ (22,120)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,935,396</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General Government	\$ 1,653
Public Safety	45,777
Public Works, including depreciation of general infrastructure assets	20,828
Parks and Recreation	6,820
	<u>\$ 75,078</u>
Business-type activities:	
Water and Sewer	<u>\$ 109,880</u>

CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

G. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A summary of long-term debt transactions, including the current portion, for the year ended September 30, 2015 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increase	Decrease	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Capital Lease Payable	\$ 51,771	\$ -	\$ (16,448)	\$ 35,323	\$ 17,244
Net Pension Liability	-	33,314	-	33,314	-
TOTAL	51,771	33,314	(16,448)	68,637	17,244
Compensated absences	4,512	6,690	(6,690)	4,512	-
Long-term Obligations	<u>\$ 56,283</u>	<u>\$ 40,004</u>	<u>\$ (23,138)</u>	<u>\$ 73,149</u>	<u>\$ 17,244</u>
	Beginning Balance	Increase	Decrease	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Business-type Activities					
Certificate of Obligations	\$ 655,000	\$ -	\$ (20,000)	\$ 635,000	\$ 25,000
Notes Payable	51,426	-	(18,392)	33,034	8,820
Net Pension Liability	-	18,740	-	18,740	-
TOTAL	706,426	18,740	(38,392)	686,774	33,820
Compensated absences	1,817	2,902	(2,902)	1,817	-
Long-term Obligations	<u>\$ 708,243</u>	<u>\$ 21,642</u>	<u>\$ (41,294)</u>	<u>\$ 688,591</u>	<u>\$ 33,820</u>

Changes in Governmental Long-Term Debt

Description	Interest Rate Payable	Amounts Original Issue	Amounts Outstanding September 30, 2014	Issued	Retired	Amounts Outstanding September 30, 2015	Due Within One Year
Capital lease	4.84%	\$ 147,500	\$ 51,771	\$ -	\$ (16,448)	\$ 35,323	\$ 17,244

The City entered into a capital lease agreement with OshKosh in October 2006 for a fire truck in the amount of \$147,500. The lease is to be repaid in annual payments with an interest rate of 4.84%. This lease will be paid in full in October 2017.

Governmental debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ending September 30:

2016	\$ 17,244
2017	18,079
Total minimum lease payments	35,323
Less: amount representing interest	2,585
Present value of lease payments	<u>\$ 32,738</u>

CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

G. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Changes in Business-type Long-Term Debt

Description	Interest Rate Payable	Amounts Original Issue	Amounts Outstanding September 30, 2014	Issued	Retired	Amounts Outstanding September 30, 2015	Due Within One Year
Series 2012, CO	3.9837%	\$ 695,000	\$ 655,000	\$ -	\$ (20,000)	\$ 635,000	\$ 25,000
N/P-Jet Spray	5.25%	45,436	41,404	-	(8,370)	33,034	8,820
N/P-Backhoe	5.25%	49,935	10,022	-	(10,022)	-	-
		<u>\$ 790,371</u>	<u>\$ 706,426</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (38,392)</u>	<u>\$ 668,034</u>	<u>\$ 33,820</u>

Debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ending September 30:	Principal	Interest	Total Requirements
2016	\$ 33,820	\$ 24,867	\$ 58,687
2017	34,304	23,879	58,687
2018	34,808	22,801	58,183
2019	30,102	21,660	57,609
2020	25,000	20,853	51,762
2021-2025	155,000	89,855	244,855
2026-2030	185,000	57,711	242,711
2031-2034	170,000	15,743	185,743
Totals	<u>\$ 668,034</u>	<u>\$ 277,369</u>	<u>\$ 958,237</u>

\$695,000 Series 2012 Combination Tax and Revenue Certificate of Obligations were issued for the purpose of sewer infrastructure improvements.

In January 2014, the City secured a note in the amount of \$ 45,436 to purchase a sewer jet spray with an interest rate of 5.25%. This note matures in January 2019.

In FY2008, the City secured a note in the amount of \$49,935 to purchase a backhoe with an interest rate of 5.25%. This note matures in October 2015.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences represent the estimated liability for employees' accrued compensatory time and vacation leave which employees are entitled to be paid upon termination of employment if all requirements are met as stated in the personnel manual adopted by City Council. The retirement of this liability is typically paid from the General Fund and the Proprietary Funds based on the assignment of an employee at termination.

H. OPERATING LEASES

The City has operating leases for office equipment. Lease obligations are as follows:

Year End Sept 30	Annual Lease Payment
2016	\$ 4,740
2017	2,765
Total	<u>\$ 7,505</u>

**CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015**

I. PENSION PLAN

1. Plan Description

The City provides pension benefits for all its eligible employees through a non-traditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System ("TMRS"). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code ("TMRS Act") as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report ("CAFR") that can be obtained at www.tmr.com.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

2. Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the City Council, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

	Plan Year	
	2015	2014
Employee Deposit Rate:	5%	5%
Matching Ratio (City to Employee):	1 to 1	1 to 1
Years required for vesting	5 yrs	5 yrs
Service retirements eligibility (expressed as age/years of service)	60/5, 0/20	60/5, 0/20
Updated Service Credit	0%	0%
Annuity Increase (to retirees)	0% of CPI	0% of CPI

Employees covered by benefit terms:

At the December 31, 2014 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	2
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	7
Active employees	11
	<u>20</u>

3. Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the City matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the City Council. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal ("EAN") actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

**CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015**

I. PENSION PLAN

3. Contributions (continued)

Employees for the City were required to contribute 5% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 2.39% and 2.36% in calendar years 2014 and 2015, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015 were \$9,234 and were equal to the required contributions.

4. Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability ("NPL") was measured as of December 31, 2014, and the Total Pension Liability ("TPL") used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	3.0% per year
Overall payroll growth	3.0% per year
Investment Rate of Return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103%. Based on the size of the City, rates are multiplied by a factor of 96%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the gender-distinct RP2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table is used, with slight adjustments.

Actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2014 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in TMRS was for the period January 1, 2006 through December 31, 2009, first used in the December 31, 2010 valuation. Healthy post-retirement mortality rates and annuity purchase rates were updated based on a Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011, and dated December 31, 2013. These assumptions were first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, along with a change to the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Assumptions are reviewed annually. No additional changes were made for the 2014 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.0%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TMRS Board of Trustees. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

I. PENSION PLAN

4. Net Pension Liability (continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Domestic Equity	17.5%	4.80%
International Equity	17.5%	6.05%
Core Fixed Income	30.0%	1.50%
Non-Core Fixed Income	10.0%	3.50%
Real Return	5.0%	1.75%
Real Estate	10.0%	5.25%
Absolute Return	5.0%	4.25%
Private Equity	5.0%	8.50%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

Sensitivity of the net position liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.0%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0%) than the current rate:

	Current Single Rate	
1% Decrease	Assumption	1% Increase
6.00%	7.00%	8.00%
\$ 88,599	\$ 52,054	\$ 21,919

5. Pension Expense and deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of \$8,721.

At September 30, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 255	\$ -
Changes in actuarial assumptions	-	-
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	-	2,188
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2014	-	-
	\$ 255	\$ 2,188

CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

I. PENSION PLAN

5. Pension Expense and deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

\$7,591 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2015. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Net deferred outflows (inflows) of resources:

December 31	
2015	\$ 484
2016	484
2017	484
2018	482
2019	25
Thereafter	-
	<u>\$ 1,959</u>

6. Group-term Life Insurance

The City also participates in the cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the TMRS known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund ("SDBF"). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other postemployment benefit", or OPEB.

The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

The City's contributions to the TMRS SDBF for the years ended 2015, 2014 and 2013 were \$548, \$587, and \$555, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

J. HEALTH CARE COVERAGE

During the year ended September 30, 2015, the City paid each full-time employee \$50/week to assist with health insurance premiums.

K. INSURANCE COVERAGE

In accordance with state statute, the City was protected against unanticipated catastrophic individual or aggregate loss by stop-loss coverage carried through Texas Municipal League, a commercial insurer licensed or eligible to do business in Texas in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code. Stop-loss coverage was in effect for individual claims up to \$125,000 and for aggregate loss. According to the latest actuarial opinion dated October 1, 2014, the unfunded claim benefit obligation included no reported claims that were unpaid and no estimated claims incurred, but not reported.

**CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015**

L. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The City had general liability coverage at a cost that is considered to be economically justifiable by joining together with other governmental entities in the State as a member of the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool ("TML"). TML is a self-funded pool operating as a common risk management and insurance program. The City pays an annual premium to TML for its above insurance coverage. The agreement for the formation of TML provides that TML will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of acceptable risk levels; however, each category of coverage has its own level of reimbursement. The City continues to carry commercial insurance for other risks of loss. There were no significant reductions in commercial insurance coverage in the past fiscal year and settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

M. LITIGATION

The City is party to a legal proceeding arising in the ordinary course of its operations. It is believed by management that a favorable outcome to the City is likely.

N. ADDITIONAL WATER AND SEWER INFORMATION

The following information is included at the request of the Texas Water Development Board for the year under audit. Water Accountability Report:

Gallons Pumped	30,896,600
Gallons Billed	28,674,700

O. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

Governmental	<u>\$ (6,636)</u>	To record beginning balance of Net Pension Liability-GASB 68
Business-type	<u>\$ (3,733)</u>	To record beginning balance of Net Pension Liability-GASB 68

P. TRANSFERS

Transfers between funds during the year were as follows:

	General Fund	Water and Sewer Fund
Transfers Out		
General Fund	\$ (95,459)	\$ -
Water and Sewer	-	95,459
	<u>\$ (95,459)</u>	<u>\$ 95,459</u>

Q. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

There are several Alderman that have personal accounts with the same financial institution that the City does business. Management has determined that this does not pose any conflict of interest for either party.

R. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The City has evaluated all events or transactions that occurred after September 30, 2015 up through November 30, 2015, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Management noted no subsequent events requiring disclosure.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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**CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015**

**SCHEDULE OF PENSION TRUST - TMRS FUNDING PROGRESS
LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)**

Fiscal Year	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) -Unit Credit	(Over-funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability UAAL	Funded Percent	Covered Payroll	UAAL as Percent of Covered Payroll
2014	12/31/2013	\$ 163,583	\$ 220,966	\$ 57,383	74.03%	\$ 391,095	14.67%
2015	12/31/2014	198,796	256,374	57,578	77.54%	391,274	14.72%

**SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS
LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)**

	<u>12/31/2014</u>	<u>12/31/2013</u>
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 9,234	9347
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 9,234	9347
Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -
Covered employee payroll	\$ 391,274	391,095
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	2.36%	2.39%

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

Note: Years will continue to be added until there are 10 years for comparison

**CITY OF CUMBY, TEXAS
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015**

**SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY
AND RELATED RATIOS-TMRS**

	<u>12/31/2014</u>
Total pension liability	
Service cost	\$ 23,554
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)	16,133
Changes of benefit terms	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	255
Change of assumptions	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	<u>(4,534)</u>
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	35,408
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	<u>220,966</u>
Total Pension Liability - Ending	<u><u>\$ 256,374</u></u>
 Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
Contribution - employer	\$ 8,217
Contribution - employee	19,564
Net investment income	9,808
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(4,534)
Administrative expense	(102)
Other	<u>(8)</u>
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	32,945
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	<u>171,375</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	<u><u>\$ 204,320</u></u>
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 52,054
 Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of Total Pension Liability	79.70%
 Covered employee payroll	\$ 391,274
 Net Pension Liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	13.30%

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

Note: Years will be added until there are 10 years of comparison